

DEATH FROM BREAST CANCER CAN SOON BE HISTORY!

Studies Confirm A Cause of Breast Cancer & Its Cure

A technology that traditional medicine and their insurance companies have ignored has been the key technology for discovering the cause of breast cancer and many other types of cancers. High resolution Digital Infrared Thermal Imaging (DITI) can spot the early beginnings of breast cancer up to 10 years prior to traditional mammography. Not only can DITI see evidence that a tumor is forming, but more importantly, it can spot the cause of the tumor in the first place! DITI is completely safe and radiation-free. It does not touch the body and can identify the beginnings even in the youngest of our population. A DITI unit could be set up in schools and other public places for quick screening to identify the pathology which can lead to cancer. DITI should be used with new-born infants as a screening device for detecting some of the issues we now know can lead to serious future health challenges, such as cancer.

Being able to see breast cancer in the making by identifying vascular patterns that indicate possible movement towards tumor formation, we are now able to begin the technology our Institute has developed to shut down the process and thus stop further development of breast cancer. We have always known the importance of early identification and now, through

our research, we have found a way. DITI has been recognized as

a viable diagnostic tool since 1987 by the AMA Council on Scientific Affairs, the ACA Council on Diagnostic Imaging, the Congress of Neuro-Surgeons in 1988 and in 1990 by the American Academy of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation. Thus, the technology has had 20 years of use, proving its value in detecting issues related to compromised health.

For many years, it was believed that mercury amalgam in teeth combined with environmental toxins were the primary contributors to cancer. While teeth filled with mercury amalgam can be a problem, and environmental toxins are a direct threat to health, as it turns out, the real issue is the pathogens found in gums, root canal teeth, decayed teeth, and/or infected jawbones. Studies at The University of Kentucky and other studies have identified these pathogens as neurotoxic microorganisms. But because good screening technology to identify the possible presence of these pathogens, seemed to be lacking. Studies were all but impossible to carry out until our Institute made the discovery that high resolution Digital Infrared Thermal Imaging could do the job.

One of the areas where these pathogens can be found is in the jawbone. To the right is a photo of tissue found in an osteonecrotic jawbone caused by damage done when a molar was extracted several years previously. It has been found that it takes 3-5

years for this silent condition to become serious enough to leak into the body and cause cancer. Facial screening of the masses can identify the pathology and prevent the event, or stop the cancer early as in the young woman below.



Photo of tissue found in an osteonecrotic jawbone

